# **OBNE: Year Two Summary**

OutbreakNet Enhanced (January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017)

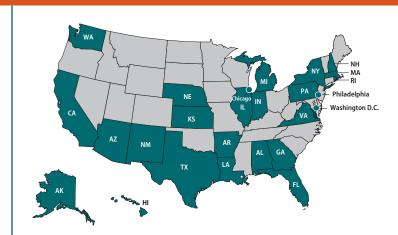
### **Background**

OutbreakNet Enhanced (OBNE) is a Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) program that is designed to provide support to state and local health departments to improve their capacity to detect, investigate, control and respond to enteric disease outbreaks. OBNE started in August 2015 with 11 sites and expanded to 26 sites during 2017.

### **Program Highlights**

To showcase the value and impact of providing resources to enteric disease programs, program overviews and activities supported by OBNE funds were presented at scientific conferences, programmatic meetings, and invited talks including presentations at:

- PulseNet and OutbreakNet regional meetings
- Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) Annual Meeting



#### **OBNE Web Resources:**

**OBNE Program Website** 

**OBNE Successes and Highlights** 

**OBNE Metrics Data and Summaries** 

- Integrated Foodborne Outbreak Response and Management (InFORM) Conference
- Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Rapid Response Team (RRT) Annual Face-to-Face Meeting
- Site-specific meetings and training events

During Year Two, the OBNE website was updated to include recent OBNE successes, new site profile information, and the Year One performance metrics data table and summary. OBNE collaborated with several sites to develop success stories about specific projects they conducted during Year Two that were published online in early 2018. Sites also presented on current or recently completed projects during monthly OBNE conference calls. Many sites expanded their capacity to utilize whole-genome sequencing (WGS) by participating in trainings, purchasing lab sequencers, and updating their data systems.

## **Program Performance**

OBNE performance metrics have been collected since 2016. Sites use metrics to document the burden, timeliness, and completeness of enteric disease outbreak activities. Sites report metrics annually on both laboratory and epidemiologic aspects of outbreak investigations. The metrics are revised as needed to best meet program needs.

Metrics for Salmonella, Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli (STEC), and Listeria (collectively referred to as SSL metrics), as well as optional metrics for Shigella and Campylobacter (collectively referred to as SC metrics) were reported for January 1, 2017–December 31, 2017. Page two includes figures and graphs of highlighted metrics for Year 2. Information on all of the metrics, including complete data tables, is available on the OBNE website.





www.cdc.gov/foodsafety/outbreaknetenhanced